## Algebra II $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition Online Test 24

Q1
3 is not included in range so answer is D
Q2
Chords may or may not be equal in length nor formal similar triangles because they do not pass through the origin. Answer E

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Q3
2x-3y+z=17
x+4y-z=-2
-2x+y+5z=85
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X is the easiest to eliminate using equation 2. Get two equations
$-11 y+3 z=21$
$9 y+3 z=81$
The subtract to eliminate x
$20 \mathrm{y}=60$
$\mathrm{Y}=3$ and $\mathrm{z}=18$
Use $y$ and $z$ to find value of $x:=-2-4 y+z=4$
Answer $=216-\mathrm{C}$
Q4
Equation of shaded line is $y=-6 x+12$
Consider point in shaded area $(6,0)$ we know then that $0<0(6)+12$ so eqn is $y<-6 x+12$
Slope of solid line $=6 / 8=3 / 4$ and intercept is roughly $7 / 4$
Consider point in shaded area ( 6,0 ): $0<(3 / 4) 6+7 / 4$ so equation is $y<=3 / 4 \mathrm{x}+7 / 4$
Choice D is the only reasonable choice
Q5
Distance = Time x Speed
So speed downstream= 5 mph
Instead the boat took 2 hours longer to do 10miles
So $10=5 \mathrm{x}$ Speed $=>$ Speed $=2 \mathrm{mph}$
So boat + current $=5$
Boat - current $=2$
Boat $=7 / 2$
And current =3/2
Choice A

## Q6

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 17 x^{2}-200 x-5=0 \\
& x=\frac{200 \pm \sqrt{40340}}{34}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer C

## Q7

Answer D
One $x$ value (2) is mapped to multiple y values $(2,-1)$
Q8
$3 x-\frac{24}{x}-6=0$
$3 x^{2}-6 x-24=0$
$x^{2}-2 x-8=0$
$x^{2}-4 x+2 x-8=0$
$(x-4)+(x+2)=0$
$x=4,-2$
$y=-12,6$
Answer: D
Q9
$\mathrm{F}(4)=\begin{aligned} & 2(4)-5\left(4^{2}\right)=-72 \\ & \text { Answer }: E\end{aligned}$
Q10
$R=k \frac{c}{f}$
$120=k \frac{300}{15}->:$ (Given)
$k=6$
$90=6 \frac{c}{10}$
$c=150$
Answer: D

Q11
$4(-1)^{2}-3(-1)(i)-\sqrt{-1} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{3}$
$+4+3 i-3 i$
+4
Answer: E
Q12
$\sqrt{(-3-4)^{2}+(4-3)^{2}}=\sqrt{50}=5 \sqrt{2}$
Answer: A

Q13
Speed of Current $=4 \mathrm{mph}$
Distance = Time x Speed, In this case we need to equate times for two journeys Let speed of boat be $x$ then,
$\frac{76}{x+4}=\frac{20}{x-4}$
$76 x-304=20 x+80$
$56 x=384$
Answer: B
Q14
Not enough information to complete the question
Answer E
Q15
$4 x^{2}-5 x-4$
$x=\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{89}}{8}$
Answer: C
Q16
$3 x^{2}+6 x+9=0$
$x^{2}+2 x+3=0$
$x=\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-8}}{2}=x=\frac{-2 \pm 2 \sqrt{-2}}{2}=-1 \pm \sqrt{2} i$
Answer: B

Q17

$$
y^{2}=289-144
$$

Add both equations to get $3 x^{2}=432$ so use x to find $\mathrm{y}: ~ y=\sqrt{145}$
Answer: B

Q18
We know that $3 x-10+12 x-40=180$
Or $15 x=230, x=46 / 3$
$\mathrm{N}=3 \mathrm{x}-10$
$\mathrm{N}=36$
Answer A

Q19
$(-30 \cos -150,-30 \sin -150)+(-25 \cos 40,-25 \sin 40)$ (6.829,-1.069)

Answer D
Q20
$\operatorname{Cos} 30=12 / B$
$\mathrm{B}=\frac{\frac{12}{\sqrt{3}}}{2}=\frac{24}{\sqrt{3}}=8 \sqrt{3}$
Answer: A

